	Curricu	lum End	d Points - Science		Charnock Hall Primary Academy
*	Life (Biology) - The condition that distinguishes animals and plants from inorganic matter		Matter (Chemisty) – Physical substance which occupies space and possesses mass	*	Energy (Physics)- Power derived from the use of physical or chemical resources
	Autumn Term		Spring Term	Summe	er Term
EYFS	Me and my Community Stories and Rhymes Shows curiosity in the environment around them inside and outdoors. Comments on unknown objects, based on a own exploration. Says what they can hear, see, and feel whil outside. An immediate change, feeling the wind pic getting sunny. Observes and talks about the changes in na they notice.	their st k up,	Cold Places Growing Takes part in simple experiments led by an adult (floating and sinking) discussing the differences in the objects. Observes and talks about the changes in objects over a period (melting). Makes simple predictions with support. Carries out simple set up experiment (sorting materials) that enables them to talk about similarities –classifying. Answers and asks "why" questions. Names the four seasons and talks about their differences and the impact on their lives. Pupils use new knowledge to classify animals therefore highlighting their similarities. For example, carnivore dinosaurs all have sharp claws and teeth. Understands animals have similar features to live in specific habitat. Camouflage, fur to protect from the cold etc.	Selects own er beasts Record drawin Explore observ and pla Know s the nat enviror and wh Unders change includit matter Record observ Shows throug mini be	Seaside sequipment to help them follow their nquiry of interest, for example, which mini live in the playground? Is observations in a number of ways; ngs, written work, photographs. e the natural world around them, making rations and drawing pictures of animals ants. some similarities and differences between tural world around them and contrasting nments, drawings on their experiences hat has been read in class. stand some important processes and es in the natural world around them, ng the seasons and changing states of the seasons to enable changes to be red. an understanding of the passing of time th the life cycle of plants, animals, and

Year 1	 Seasonal Changes + plus one lesson done every season. I can name all four seasons I can talk about what changes over Spring in the environment I can explain how the weather changes over Spring I can say how the length of day changes over Spring I can talk about my findings and what I have found out. Animals Including Humans (Humans Senses) I can name the parts of the human body that I can see. I can identify the main parts of the human body and link them to my senses. I can complete simple test. I can explain what we have found out (findings). 	 Everyday Materials I can describe materials using my senses I can describe materials using my senses, using specific scientific words I can explain what material objects are made from I can explain why a material might be useful for a specific job I can name some different materials I can sort materials into groups by a given criteria I can explain how solid shapes I be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching I can use simple scientific words to answer questions. I can complete simple test. I can sort and groups objects, materials and living things. I can use scientific language to ask and answer a question. I can describe how day length changes over a year. 	Plants/Seasonal changes I can name the petals, stem, leaf and root of a plant I can identify and name a range of common plants and trees I can recognise deciduous and evergreen trees I can describe the parts of a plant (roots, stem, leaves, flowers). I can care for a growing seedling. I can describe how plants change over time. I can name a range of different types of weather from pictures or sounds. I can talk about what changes over Summer I can say how the length of day changes over Summer I can use simple scientific words to answer questions. I can talk about my findings and describe what they use. I can talk about my findings and what I have found out.

		I can point out some of the differences between different animals I can sort photographs of living things and non- living things I can classify common animals (birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals, invertebrates) I can describe how an animal is suited to its environment I can sort and groups objects, materials and living things. I can use scientific language to ask and answer a question.	
Year 2	Living things and their habitats I can match certain living things to the habitats I are found in. I can explain the differences between living and non-living things I can describe some of the life processes common to plants and animals, including humans. I can decide whether something is living, dead or non-living. I can describe how a habitat provides for the basic needs of things living there. I can describe a range of different habitats. I can describe how plants and animals are suited to their habitat. I can explain how animals get food from plants and other animals and use a simple food chain I can group materials and living things and notice patterns. I can construct simple food chains.	Everyday Materials I can distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made I can identify and name a range of everyday materials (wood, plastic, metal, water, rock) I can describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials I can compare and classify a variety of materials based on their simple physical properties I can explore how the shapes of solid objects can be changed (squashing, bending, twisting, stretching) I can identify and compare the uses of a range of everyday materials (wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick/rock, paper/cardboard) I can suggest and ask questions that can be answered in different ways. I can do things in the correct order when performing a simple test.	Animals I can describe what animals need to survive I can explain that animals grow and reproduce I can explain why animals have offspring I can describe the life cycle of some living things (e.g. egg, chick, chicken) I can explain the basic needs of animals, including humans I can suggest and ask questions that can be answered in different ways. I can group materials and living things and notice patterns. I can gather data in a range of ways (tables, bar charts and venn diagrams).

	Humans I can explain the basic needs of animals, including humans. I can describe why exercise and a balanced diet are important for humans. I can suggest and ask questions that can be answered in different ways. I can do things in the correct order when performing a simple test.	I can use simple hand lenses and timers to take measurements, make observations. I can gather data in a range of ways (tables, bar charts and venn diagrams). I can use simple scientific language to explain what they have found out. Plants I can describe what plants need to survive I can describe how seeds and bulbs grow into plants I can sort seeds and bulbs into groups according to physical features. I can describe the different plant parts and give examples of which foods that we eat are derived from these parts. I can describe what a plant needs to grow and stay healthy I can explain that plants grow and reproduce I can do things in the correct order when performing a simple test. I can observe something closely and describe changes over time. I can identify simple patterns of relationships.	
Year 3	Animals including Humans I can explain the importance of a nutritious balanced diet I can describe how nutrients, water and oxygen are transported within animals and humans I can describe and explain the skeletal system of a human	Rocks, Fossils and Soils I can compare and group together different rocks based on my simple physical properties I can describe and explain how different rocks can be useful to us I can describe and explain the differences between sedimentary and igneous rocks, considering the way I are formed	Plants I can identify and describe the functions of different parts of plants (roots, stem, leaves and flowers) I can identify what a plants needs for life and growth

I can describe and explain the muscular system	I can describe how fossils are formed within	I can describe the ways in which nutrients, water
of a human	sedimentary rock	and oxygen are transported within plants
I can use ideas to pose questions independently.	I can identify a range of fossilised animals and	I can explain how the needs and functions of
	plants from pictures.	plant parts vary from plant to plant e.g. insect
	I can suggest what fossils of the future may be.	and wind pollinated plants
	I can describe and carry out a fair test and make	I can investigate the way in which water is
	predictions.	transported within plants
		I can sort and classify a range of seeds in broad
	Forces and Magnets	dispersal methods.
	I can observe that magnetic forces can be	I can allocate different stages of plant's life
	transmitted without direct contact	cycle's to different seasons, suggesting reasons
	I can talk about how some magnets attract or	why stages occur when they do.
	repel each other	I can decide what to observe during an
	I can explain that magnets have two poles	investigation.
	I can classify which materials are attracted to	I can take measurements using standard units.
	magnets	I can record my findings using scientific language
	I can describe the speed and direction of moving	and present them in different ways (diagrams,
	objects	tables and charts).
	I can describe forces in action (pushing and	I can gather, record and use data in a variety of
	pulling).	ways to answer questions.
	I can sort and groups materials into materials	I can draw a simple conclusion based on
	that are magnetic and those that are not.	evidence.
	I can describe and carry out a fair test and make	
	a prediction.	Light
	I can draw a simple conclusion based on	I can explain the difference between
	evidence.	transparent, translucent and opaque
	I can record my findings using scientific language	I can compare the brightness and colour of lights
	and present them in different ways (diagrams,	I can explain how bulbs work in an electrical
	tables and charts).	circuit
		I can explain how shadows are formed
		I can identify how light is reflected from
	I can decide what to observe during an	surfaces, using equipment such as mirrors.
	investigation.	

		 I can talk about criteria for grouping, sorting and begin to see patterns and relationships. I can record my findings using scientific language and present them in different ways (diagrams, tables and charts). I can gather, record and use data in a variety of ways to answer questions. I can draw a simple conclusion based on evidence. 	I can classify a range of objects as either light sources or light reflectors. I can describe and carry out a fair test and make a prediction. I can record my findings using scientific language and present them in different ways (diagrams, tables and charts).
Year 4	 Electricity I can explain how electricity is useful to us I can explain what a conductor is and test materials for conductivity I can explain closed and open circuits I can construct a circuit with a switch I can identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit I can recognise some common conductors and insulators I can draw simple circuits using symbols. I can sort and classify materials into conductors and insulators. I can suggest relevant questions and know they can be answered in a variety of ways including secondary sources. I can choose appropriate ways to record and present information, findings and conclusions for different audiences. 	Sound I can describe a range of sounds I can compare sources of sound and explain how the sounds differ I can explain how to change a sound (louder/softer) I can describe and explain how a sound travels from a source to our ears I can explain what happens to sound as it travels away from its source I can explain how you could change the pitch of a sound I can investigate how different materials can affect the pitch and volume of sounds I can listen to and identify a variety of sounds. I can investigate and classify materials for their ability to insulate against sound. I can make decisions about different enquires including understanding when a fair test is necessary. I can choose appropriate ways to record and present information, findings and conclusions for different audiences.	Living things and their Habitats I can use a classification key to group a variety of living things (plants, vertebrates, invertebrates) I can compare the classification of common plants and animals to living things found in other places (under the sea, prehistoric) I can name and group a variety of living things based on feeding patterns (producer, consumer, predator, prey, herbivore, carnivore, omnivore) I can recognise that environments can change and this can sometimes pose a danger to living things I can identify similarities and differences/changes when talking about scientific processes. I can use a food chain and explain what would happen if a part was missing.

	I can describe the function of the organs of the human digestive system I can identify the simple function of different types of human teeth I can compare the teeth of herbivores and carnivores I can explain what a simple food chain shows I can identify similarities and differences/changes when talking about scientific processes. I can begin to use simple keys.	States of Matter I can compare and group materials based on their states of matter, ie, liquid, solid or gas I can explain what happens to materials when they are heated or cooled I can measure the temperature at which different materials change state I can use measurements to explain changes to the state of water I can explain the part that evaporation and condensation has in the water cycle I can make decisions about different enquires including understanding when a fair test is necessary. I can take accurate measurements using standard units and a range of equipment including thermometers and data loggers. I can choose appropriate ways to record and present information, findings and conclusions for different audiences. I can identify with help, changes, patterns, similarities and differences in data to help form conclusions. I can use recorded data to make predictions.	
Year 5	Living things and their Habitats I can describe and compare the life cycles of a range of animals, including humans, amphibians, insects and birds I can compare the gestation period of a range of animals. I can describe the life cycles of common plants	Earth and Space I can name the 8 planets in the solar system. I can identify and explain the movement of the Earth relative to the sun I can explain how seasons and the associated weather is created I can identify and explain the movement of the moon relative to the Earth	Animals including humans (Reproduction) I can describe physical changes in the male and female human body during puberty. I can explore the work of well know naturalists (David Attenborough and Jane Goodall). I can describe how we define a mammal and how this relates to classification.

I can describe and explain the process of	I can explain the size, shape and	I can describe the process of sexual
respiration in humans and plants	position of the earth, sun and moon	reproduction in a familiar animal and why it is
I can describe the process of plant reproduction.	I can explain how night and day are created and	important for species survival.
I can talk with knowledge about birth,	use diagrams to show this	
reproduction and death of familiar animals or	I can explain how planets are linked to stars.	
plants	I can investigate shadows in relations to times of	
I can develop simple keys to identify, classify	the day and explain why the sun appears to	
and describe living things and materials.	move across the sky.	
I can record data and results of increasing	I can describe the Earths rotation to explain day	
complexity using scientific diagrams, labels,	and night.	
classification keys, tables, bar and line graphs		
	I can raise different scientific questions and	
	hypothesis.	
Properties and changes of materials	I can use scientific language and diagrams to	
I can test and group materials based on scientific	justify my ideas.	
evidence (hardness, solubility, transparency,		
conductivity, insulation, magnetism)	Forces	
I can explain the process of dissolving	I can explain what gravity is and its impact on	
I can recover a substance from a solution	our lives	
I can decide how a mixture would best be	I can study the word of Galileo and Newton.	
separated (filtering, sieving, evaporating)	I can explain why a wheeled object that is	
I can give reasons for the uses of everyday	initially pushed will slow down and stop	
materials based on scientific evidence	I can explain the impact of friction on a moving	
I can show what I know about the properties of	object	
different materials	I can explain the effect of drag force on moving	
I can use my knowledge of materials to suggest	objects	
ways to classify (solids, liquids, gasses)	I can explain how force and motion can be	
I can describe changes using scientific words	transferred through gears, pulleys, levers and	
(evaporation, condensation)	springs	
I can use the terms 'reversible' and 'irreversible'	I can classify and group forces based on their	
I can raise different scientific questions and	actions or whether they act directly, at a	
hypothesis.	distance.	

test. I can take scientific e and precis I can reco complexit classificat I can justit can begin change ov	and carry out a comparative and fair measurements using a range of equipment with increasing accuracy sion. rd data and results of increasing y using scientific diagrams, labels, ion keys, tables, bar and line graphs. fy simple conclusions on a hypothesis. I to recognise how scientific ideas can ver time. I can spell and pronounce vocabulary accurately.	I can plan and carry out a comparative and fair test. I can take measurements using a range of scientific equipment with increasing accuracy and precision. I can use scientific language and diagrams to justify my ideas. I can spell and pronounce scientific vocabulary accurately.	
Year 6 Year 6 I can idem of the org (heart, blo clotting) I can idem organs of (lungs, no diaphragn I can nam I can locat I can make parts of a I can reco drugs and function I can desc water are	hcluding humans tify and explain the function ans of the human circulatory system bod vessels, blood, blood pressure, tify and explain the function of the the human gaseous exchange system se, throat, bronchi, bronchial tubes, n, ribs, breathing) e the major organs in the human body te the major organs in the human body te the major diet, exercise, lifestyle on the way our bodies ribe the ways in which nutrients and transported within the human body ribe how the life cycles of bacteria and	Electricity I can identify and name the basic parts of a simple electric series circuit (cells, wires, bulbs, switches, buzzers) I can compare and give reasons for variation in how components function, including bulb brightness, buzzer volume and on/off position of switches I can explain how to make changes in a circuit I can explain the impact of changes in a circuit I can explain the effect of changing the voltage of a battery I can use recognized symbols when representing a circuit in a diagram I can select and plan the most suitable line of enquiry, explaining which variables need to be controlled and why, in a variety of comparative and fair tests. I can decide which observations to make using test results.	Light I can explain how light travels I can explain how the human eye sees objects I can explain how different colours of light can be created I can explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them I can identify different parts of the eye. I can classify a range of objects based on their reflective qualities. I can select and plan the most suitable line of enquiry, explaining which variables need to be controlled and why, in a variety of comparative and fair tests.

Evolution and inheritance I can give reasons for why living things produce offspring of the same kind I can give reasons for why offspring are not identical with each other or with my parents I can explain the process of evolution and describe the evidence for this I can explain that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago I can begin to appreciate that variation in offspring over time can make animals more or less able to survive in particular environments I can talk about the life of Charles Darwin I can explain how fossils are formed and how fossil discoveries have helped develop the theory of evolution. I can pose and select the most appropriate line of enquiry to investigate scientific questions. I can identify and explain patterns seen in the natural environment. I can discuss how scientific ideas develop over time.	Living things and their Habitats I can describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including micro- organisms, plants and animals. I can give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics. I can investigate whether yeast is a living organism. I can explain how microorganisms are grouped and classified. I can classify plants using diagrams and labels. I can make a key to classify plants. I can use scientific evidence to support or refute ideas or arguments. I can sort and classify. I can plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. I can report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and a degree.	
quiry to investigate scientific questions. dentify and explain patterns seen in the al environment. dentify and explain casual relationships in and identify evidence that supports or es findings, selecting fact from opinion.	I can plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. I can report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and	