				Curriculum	End Po	ints - N	<u>Music</u>						Charnock Hall	Primary Aca	ademy
Listen and Appraise		Pulse and Rhythm		Sing		Play		Im	provise	10 CT 0	(4) 4	Compose		Perform	
	Autumn Te	erm			Spi	ring Ter	rm				Su	mmer Ter	m		
EYFS	Me!				Eve	Everyone!				Big	Big Bear Funk				
	My Stories			Ou	Our World			Re	Reflect, Rewind and Replay						
	To know the stories of some of the nursery rhymes. To know that we can move with the pulse of the music. To know that the words of songs can tell stories and paint pictures. To sing or rap nursery rhymes and simple songs from memory. Songs have sections. A performance is sharing music.														
Year 1	Hey You! Rhythm in the way we walk and banana rap				In the Groove Round and Round				ur Imagin flect, Rew	ation vind and Rep	blay				
	To know 5 songs off by heart. To know what the songs are about. To know and recognise the sound and names of some of the instruments they use. To know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat. To know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals. To confidently sing or rap five songs from memory and sing them in unison. Learn the names of the notes in their instrumental part from memory or when written down. Learn the names of the instruments they are playing. Improvisation is about making up your own tunes on the spot.														

ear 2	Hands, Feet, Heart	I Wanna Play in a Band.	Friendship Song						
	Но, Но, Но	Zootime	Reflect, Rewind and Replay						
	To know five songs off by heart.								
	To know some songs have a chorus or a response/answer part.								
	To know that songs have a musical style.								
	To know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat.								
	To know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals.								
	Rhythms are different from the steady pulse.								
	We add high and low sounds, pitch, when we sing and play our instruments.								
	To confidently know and sing five songs from memory.								
	To know that unison is everyone singing at the same time.								
	Songs include other ways of using the voice e.g. rapping (spoken word).								
	To know why we need to warm up our voices. Learn the names of the notes in their instrumental part from memory or when written down.								
	Know the names of untuned percussion instruments played in class.								
	Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot.								
	When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them.								
	Everyone can improvise, and you can use one or two notes.								
	Composing is like writing a story with music.								
	Everyone can compose.								
	A performance is sharing music with an audience.								
	A performance can be a special occasion and involve a class, a year								
	group or a whole school.								
	An audience can include your parents and friends								

Year 3	Let Your Spirit Fly.	Three Little Birds	Bringing us Together						
	Glockenspiel Stage 1	The Dragon Song	Reflect, Rewind and Replay						
	To know five songs from memory and who sang them or wrote them.								
	To know the style of the five songs.								
	To choose one song and be able to talk about:								
	<ul> <li>Its lyrics: what the song is about</li> </ul>								
	ynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch)								
		ong (introduction, verse, chorus etc.)							
	• Name some of the instruments the	ey heard in the song							
	Know how to find and demonstrate	the pulse.							
	Know the difference between pulse	and rhythm.							
	Know how pulse, rhythm and pitch w	Know how pulse, rhythm and pitch work together to create a song.							
	Know that every piece of music has a pulse/steady beat.								
	Know the difference between a musical question and an answer.								
	To know and be able to talk about:								
	• Singing in a group can be called a choir								
	• Leader or conductor: A person who the choir or group follow								
	<ul> <li>Songs can make you feel different things e.g. Happy, energetic or sad</li> </ul>								
	·	n ensemble or large group is fun, but that you must listen to each other							
	• To know why you must warm up y	our voice							
	To know and be able to talk about:								
	• The instruments used in class (a g								
	To know and be able to talk about in	nprovisation:							
	<ul> <li>Improvisation is making up your o</li> </ul>	the second se							
	• When someone improvises, they r	nake up their own tune that has never been hea	rd before. It is not written down and belongs to them						
	<u> </u>	tes confidently is better than using five							
	• To know that if you improvise usin	g the notes you are given, you cannot make a m	istake						
	To know and be able to talk about:								
	• A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends.								
	<ul> <li>Different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.)</li> </ul>								
	To know and be able to talk about:								
	• Performing is sharing music with c	ther people, an audience							

		a drama! It can be to one person or to each of ed everything that will be performed early and play with confidence	ther					
	<ul> <li>A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know</li> <li>It is planned and different for each occasion</li> </ul>							
		feelings, thoughts and ideas about the song/n						
Year 4	Mamma Mia	Stop!	Blackbird					
	Glockenspiel Stage 2	Lean on Me	Reflect, Rewind and Replay					
	The following end points are from	our Charanga music scheme. Children in Y4 no from Sheffield Music S	rmally benefit form Whole Class Ensemble Teaching of the ukulele Service.					
	To know five songs from memory ar	d who sang them or wrote them.						
	To know the style of the five songs.							
	To choose one song and be able to t	alk about:						
	• Some of the style indicators of the	t song (musical characteristics that						
	give the song its style).							
	• The lyrics: what the song is about.							
	<ul> <li>Any musical dimensions featured in the song and where they are used</li> </ul>							
	(texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch).							
	<ul> <li>Identify the main sections of the song (introduction, verse, chorus etc).</li> </ul>							
	• Name some of the instruments they heard in the song.							
	Know and be able to talk about:							
	• How pulse, rhythm and pitch worl							
	• Pulse: Finding the pulse – the heat							
	Rhythm: the long and short patter							
	• Know the difference between pul	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
	Pitch: High and low sounds that cr	eate melodies						
	How to keep the internal pulse							
	To know and be able to talk about:	cal ideas for the group to copy or respond to						
	<ul> <li>Singing in a group can be called a</li> </ul>	shoir						
	• Leader or conductor: A person wh							

	<ul> <li>To know the style of the five som</li> <li>To choose two or three other som</li> </ul>	who sang or wrote them, when they were written and gs and to name other songs from the Units in those sty ngs and be able to talk about: e songs (musical characteristics that give the songs the	/les.						
	Classroom Jazz 1	The Fresh Prince of Bel-Air	Reflect, Rewind and Replay						
ear 5	Livin' On A Prayer	Make You Feel My Love	Dancing in the Street						
	<ul> <li>A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know</li> <li>It is planned and different for each occasion</li> <li>It involves communicating feelings, thoughts and ideas about the song/music</li> </ul>								
	• You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence								
	<ul> <li>You need to know and have planned everything that will be performed</li> </ul>								
		<ul> <li>Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience</li> <li>A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other</li> </ul>							
	To know and be able to talk about:								
	<ul> <li>Different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.)</li> </ul>								
	• A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends.								
	To know and be able to talk about:								
	<ul> <li>To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake</li> <li>To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the Challenges in your improvisations</li> </ul>								
	<ul> <li>To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five</li> <li>To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake</li> </ul>								
		make up their own tune that has never been heard be	efore. It is not written down and belongs to them.						
		<ul> <li>Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot</li> </ul>							
	To know and be able to talk about improvisation:								
	• Other instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends.								
	• The instruments used in class (a glockenspiel, recorder or xylophone).								
	To know and be able to talk about:								
	• To know why you must warm up your voice								
	<ul> <li>Texture: How a solo singer makes a thinner texture than a large group</li> </ul>								
	<ul> <li>Songs can make you feel different things e.g. happy, energetic or sad</li> <li>Singing as part of an ensemble or large group is fun, but that you must listen to each other</li> </ul>								

• Any musical dimensions featured in the songs and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch)
<ul> <li>Identify the main sections of the songs (intro, verse, chorus etc.)</li> <li>Nerse some of the instrumentation the songe</li> </ul>
• Name some of the instruments they heard in the songs
• The historical context of the songs. What else was going on at this time?
Know and be able to talk about:
How pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together and how they connect in a song
How to keep the internal pulse
Musical Leadership: creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to
To know and confidently sing five songs and their parts from memory, and to sing them with a strong internal pulse.
• To choose a song and be able to talk about:
O Its main features
<ul> <li>Singing in unison, the solo, lead vocal, backing vocals or rapping</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>To know what the song is about and the meaning of the lyrics</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice</li> </ul>
To know and be able to talk about:
<ul> <li>Different ways of writing music down – e.g. staff notation, symbols</li> </ul>
• The notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave
• The instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends
To know and be able to talk about improvisation:
<ul> <li>Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot</li> </ul>
• When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them.
• To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five
• To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake
• To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the
To know and be able to talk about:
• A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends.
• A composition has pulse, rhythm and pitch that work together and are shaped by tempo, dynamics, texture and structure
<ul> <li>Notation: recognise the connection between sound and symbol</li> </ul>
To know and be able to talk about:
• Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience
• A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other
• Everything that will be performed must be planned and learned
<ul> <li>You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence</li> </ul>

	• It is planned and different for each				
Year 6	A performance involves commun Happy	icating ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song, A New Year Carol	Music and Me		
	Classroom Jazz 2	You've Got A Friend	Reflect, Rewind and Replay		
	<ul> <li>The lyrics: what the songs are ab</li> <li>Any musical dimensions featured</li> <li>Identify the structure of the song</li> <li>Name some of the instruments up</li> <li>The historical context of the song</li> <li>Know and talk about that fact that</li> <li>Know and be able to talk about:</li> <li>How pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempore</li> <li>How to keep the internal pulse</li> <li>Musical Leadership: creating musication</li> <li>To know about the style of the sole</li> <li>To choose a song and be able to</li> <li>Its main features</li> <li>Singing in unison, the solo, lead</li> <li>To know and explain the importation</li> <li>To know and be able to talk about:</li> </ul>	ngs and be able to talk about: (musical characteristics that give the songs their sty out in the songs and where they are used (texture, dyn is (intro, verse, chorus etc.) sed in the songs gs. What else was going on at this time, musically an at we each have a musical identity , dynamics, texture and structure work together to sical ideas for the group to copy or respond to ongs and their parts from memory, and to sing then ongs so you can represent the feeling and context to talk about: vocal, backing vocals or rapping and the meaning of the lyrics nce of warming up your voice	hamics, tempo, rhythm, pitch and timbre) hd historically? create a song or music m with a strong internal pulse. b your audience		

	Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot
	<ul> <li>When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them.</li> </ul>
	To know that using one, two or three notes confidently is better than using five
•	To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake
	To know that you can use some of the riffs and licks you have learnt in the Challenges in your improvisations
	To know three well-known improvising musicians
7	Fo know and be able to talk about:
	• A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends.
	• A composition has pulse, rhythm and pitch that work together and are shaped by tempo, dynamics, texture and structure
	Notation: recognise the connection between sound and symbol
1	Fo know and be able to talk about:
	Performing is sharing music with an audience with belief
•	A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other
•	Everything that will be performed must be planned and learned
•	You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence
	A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know
•	It is planned and different for each occasion
•	A performance involves communicating ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music